

Carthage Power / Radès II
Financing Tunisia's First IPP

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Tunisia

- ◆ Population 9.2 million
- ◆ GDP of \$2,133 *per caput*
- ◆ Geographically / historically close to Europe
- ◆ Close EU trading links
- ◆ Exports - textiles, tourism, agricultural products
- ◆ Significant overseas workers' remittances
- ◆ Modest debt levels and good repayment record
- ◆ Investment grade ratings (Baa3 / BBB-)
- ◆ Political stability
- ◆ Low inflation
- ◆ Stable Tunisian Dinar (TD) exchange rate
(TD1 = (approx.) US\$1)

STEG

- ◆ *Société Tunisienne de l'Electricité et du Gaz*
- ◆ Gas supplier and power offtaker under GSA and PPA
- ◆ *Société Anonyme* under Ministry of Industry
- ◆ Present capacity around 2250 MW, mostly open or steam cycles
- ◆ Annual growth in power demand around 7%
- ◆ Need to replace ageing / less efficient capacity
- ◆ Consumer / industrial user tariffs at reasonable levels
- ◆ Profitable and sound financial structure
- ◆ Support from Tunisian Government for social programmes (e.g. rural electrification)

Gas Sector

- ◆ Sources:
 - Algeria / Trans-Mediterranean Pipeline
 - Domestic production mainly via offshore Miskar field (British Gas)

- ◆ STEG main distributor within Tunisia

- ◆ Power generation now mainly gas-based

IPP Development

- ◆ Enabling legislation for IPPs passed in 1996
- ◆ STEG retained monopoly of transmission and distribution
- ◆ Hence all power generated is to be sold to STEG
- ◆ Key drivers:
 - Competitively priced power in Tunisia
 - Budget relief
 - Showcase for foreign investment
- ◆ “Groupe IPP” - joint working party of Ministry of Industry and electricity and gas wings of STEG

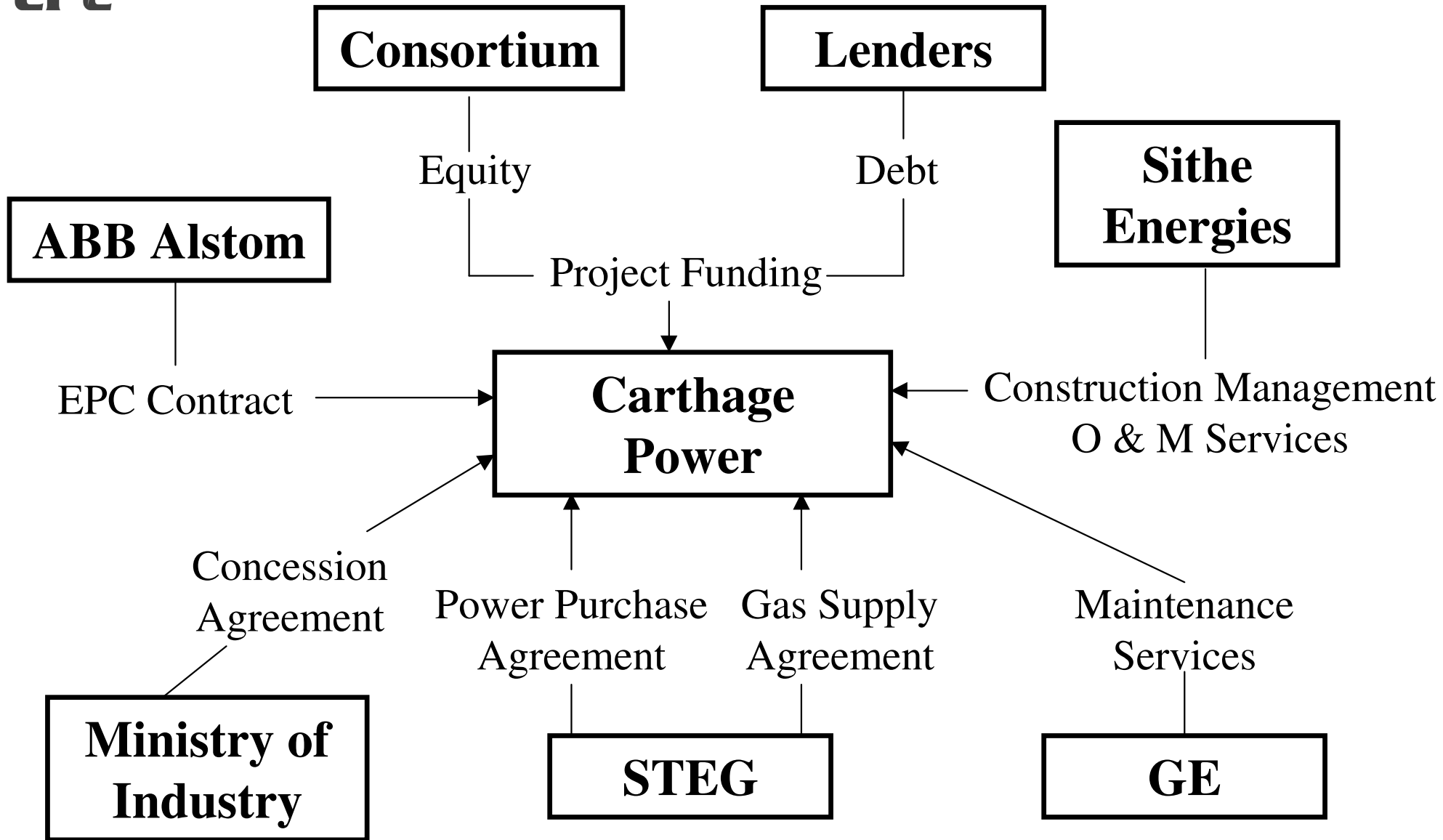
Radès Site

- ◆ Industrial area south of Tunis
- ◆ Reclaimed land by the sea
- ◆ Next to 2 existing plants (Radès “A” and “B”)
- ◆ Grid connections and gas pipelines already available
- ◆ Convenient nearby sources of standby diesel
- ◆ Limited environmental effect

Timetable

- Jan 97: Following pre-qualification, bids invited
(8 bidders submitted proposals)
- May 97: Consortium submitted offer for 471.3MW
(351MW without duct firing) with lowest
average discounted tariff (TD 0.023)
- Sep 97: Letter of Intent issued
- Mar 99: Project Agreements signed with Ministry of
Industry & STEG
- Jun 99: Loan documentation signed
- Sept 99: Financial Close
- Oct 99: Commercial Loan syndication
- Sep 01: Scheduled Commercial Operation Date
- Sep 21: End of concession term - plant may be
purchased by STEG

Project Structure



Carthage Power

- ◆ Carthage Power SARL incorporated in Tunisia
- ◆ Ownership:
 - PSEG Global (consortium leader) 35%
 - Marubeni Corporation 32.5%
 - Sithe Energies 32.5%
 - via offshore subsidiaries
- ◆ SARL legal form (akin to a partnership), for U.S. tax reasons
- ◆ Limited number of expatriate staff
 - General Manager
 - Plant Manager (seconded by Sithe Energies)

Concession Agreement

- ◆ Signed with Ministry of Industry on behalf of Republic of Tunisia
- ◆ Linked closely to PPA - 20 year term from completion; parallel events of default, etc.
- ◆ Provides tax concessions:
 - VAT and import duty-exempt during construction
 - Corporate tax exemption for first 5 years of operation
- ◆ Ministry support on permits
- ◆ Imposes debt:equity ratios, minimum contingency funding, and funding in €and US\$
- ◆ Confirmation of support for STEG
- ◆ Overall ratification of Project Agreements by Presidential Decree

Key PPA / GSA Features

- ◆ Tunisian law contracts, in French
- ◆ 20 year operation
- ◆ Usual fixed / variable charge structure in PPA
- ◆ Tariff paid in TD, but currency-based components in € / US\$ equivalent
- ◆ Reduction in fixed capacity charge from year 9
- ◆ Penalty regime for unavailability / reduced output
- ◆ Option for STEG to repurchase for TD1
- ◆ Political *force majeure* / change in law protection
- ◆ Gas delivery at STEG's risk, no "take or pay"
- ◆ Gas payments in TD, fuel cost passed through

Financing Issues

- ◆ Little borrowing history in Tunisia except Republic
- ◆ No previous project financings
- ◆ No significant local funding capacity
- ◆ Strict exchange controls
- ◆ No offshore accounts
- ◆ Short debt term (2+8) to match tariff profile
- ◆ Covered or uncovered debt?
- ◆ Currency hedging
- ◆ Interest rates fixed in bid

Funding

- ◆ Total project cost US\$261m equivalent
- ◆ 70:30 debt:equity (to meet Tunisian investment law)
- ◆ 60:40 mixture of €and US\$, matching tariff revenues
- ◆ Commercial banks - €93m (uncovered) loan
 - U/W by Sanwa/Paribas; small general syndication
- ◆ JEXIM (JIBIC) - US\$73m debt, on untied basis
- ◆ Commercial banks also provide \$14m performance bond
- ◆ TD facility for VAT during construction (Citibank Tunis)
- ◆ Interest Swap Facility

Debt Structure

- ◆ JEXIM / commercial bank loans *pari passu*
- ◆ Common Terms Agreement
- ◆ 2 year drawdown
- ◆ 8 year repayment, structured to maintain level ADSCR
- ◆ LLCR 1.7x; average ADSCR 1.4x
- ◆ Margin of 1.4-1.55% on commercial debt
- ◆ Interest / monthly debt service reserve accounts

Future projects

◆ **Power generation**

- Small (20 MW) flared gas project under negotiation
- Tender for a wind farm (40 MW) being prepared
- Next possible major project 300 MW gas-fired plant in the south

◆ **Cross-border grid development**

◆ **Gas production / distribution**

- BG has financed on balance sheet

◆ **Water / sewage**

◆ **Other infrastructure (e.g. roads)**